

## Global + - regularity

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# Local Motivations:

$R$  ring w/ char  $p > 0$

$F: R \rightarrow R$       Frobenius  
 $r \mapsto r^p$       (algebra map)

$\downarrow$       rest of scalars  
 $R \xrightarrow{F_\varphi} F_\varphi R$       for  $F$       ( $R$ -mod map)

$R$  is  $F$ -split if this admiss  
an  $R$ -mod retraction.

Stronger: (strong) F-regularity

$R$  is strongly F-regular if

for all  $c \in R \setminus (\text{units prime})$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} R & \xrightarrow{F^e} & F_\alpha^e R & \xrightarrow{\cdot F_\alpha^e c} & F_\alpha^e R \\ & \downarrow & \searrow & & \downarrow \\ & & & & F_\alpha^e c \end{array}$$

this splits for  $e > 0$

(depending on  $c$ ).

Then (Hochster-Hunke)

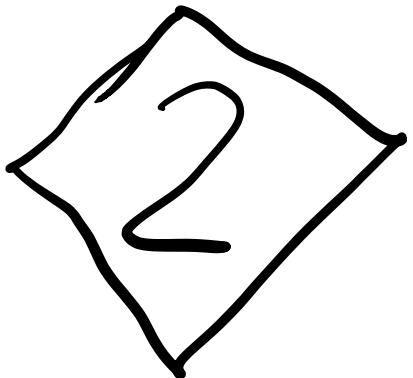
regular  $\Rightarrow$  F-regular  $\stackrel{\text{strong}}{\Rightarrow}$  for all  
mod finite extn

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{F-} \\ \text{reg} \\ + \text{A-box} \\ (\text{Singh}) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} R \hookrightarrow S \\ \text{split} \end{array}$$

"splinter  
condition"

Thm (Direct Summand Thm)  
(Hochster, Andre)

$R$  regular, any char  
satisfies splinter condition



→ very characteristic  
dependent

Splinters in various characteristics:



Thm (Bhatt)  $K = Frac(R^+)$ ,  $R^+ =$   
 $\frac{R}{I}$  where  $I$  is the ideal of  
 $R^+$  consisting of all elements of  $R$  which are zero divisors.

# Global Definitions:

$X = \text{Noeth, normal, } F\text{-finite}$   
scheme over  $\text{char } p > 0$

$\Delta \geq 0$  eff  $\mathbb{Q}\text{-dn}$  on  $X$

$(X, \Delta)$  is globally  $F\text{-reg}$  if  
 $\forall D \geq 0$  Cartier divisor  $\exists e > 0$

$$\mathcal{O}_X \xrightarrow{F^e} F_\alpha^e \mathcal{O}_X \xrightarrow{\epsilon} F_\alpha^e ((p^{e-1}) \Delta^{\uparrow + D})$$

split.

Example: ①  $X = \text{Spec } R$   
 $\Delta = \emptyset$   
globally  $F\text{-reg} = \text{smooth}$   
 $F\text{-reg}$

②  $X$  smooth, proj /  $k = \overline{k}$   
char  $k = p > 0$

$(X, \Delta)$  globally  $F\text{-reg}$

e.g.  $\dim X = 1$   
 $\Delta = \emptyset$

$X$  gl  $F\text{-reg} \Leftrightarrow X = \mathbb{P}^1$



$(X, \Delta)$  log  $F\text{-irr}$

$-K_X - \Delta$   
ample

Setup:  $X$  Noetherian, normal  
integral scheme  
proper /  $(R, \mathfrak{m})$   
complete local  
w) char  $R/\mathfrak{m} = p > 0$

$D \geq 0$  eff  $\mathbb{Q}$ -div on  $X$

Def:  $(X, \Delta)$  globally  $+ - \text{reg}$   
 if for all  $f: Y \rightarrow X$  finite  
 $Y$  normal integral,  $\mathcal{O}_X \xrightarrow{\text{---}} f_* \mathcal{O}_Y \xrightarrow{\text{---}} f_* \mathcal{O}_Y (f^* \Delta)$   
 splits.

Ex: ①  $(X, \Delta)$  globally  $F\text{-reg}$   
 $\Rightarrow$  globally  $+ - \text{reg}$ , in char  $p > 0$

(2)

$R$  regular,  $X = \text{Spec}$   
 $\Rightarrow X$  ~~globally~~ +-regular

Can generalize to account for  
direct summands of regular  
rings, e.g. rational double  
points of char  $p > 5$ .

Then:  $(X, D)$  slob + reg<sup>10</sup>;  
 $K_X + D$  Q.C. + L line bundle  
so treat  $L - (K_X + D)$  big +  
semistable.  
 $\Rightarrow H^i(X, L) = 0 \quad i > 0.$

# + -stable sections of line bundles:

(same setup:  $X$  Noether normal integral  
proper /  $(Y, \eta)$  complete (local)  
w/ char  $\mathbb{R}/\mathbb{Z} = P > 0$ ,  $D \geq 0$  ( $D - dN$ )).

$M$  Cartier divisor  $\cap_{\text{in}}$   $H^0(Y, \mathcal{O}_Y(K_Y - f^*(K_X + D) + f^*M))$

$$B^0(X, \mathcal{O}_X(M)) = \bigcap_{f: Y \rightarrow X \text{ finite ss}} H^0(Y, \mathcal{O}_Y(M))$$

$$H^0(X, \mathcal{O}_X(M))$$

# Some properties!

①  $(X, \Delta)$  globally + -rel

$$\Rightarrow B^0(X, \Delta; M) = H^0(X, M)$$

forall  $M$ ,

② If  $K_X + D$  Q-Cartier,  
can also use alterations.

③  $B^0$  transform "as expected"  
for finite morph + alterations.

(4)  $X$  proj / spec and is  
regular,  $B^o(X, \omega_X \otimes \mathcal{L}^n)$

$$H^o(X, \omega_X \otimes \mathcal{L}^n)$$

for  $\mathcal{L}$  ample,  $n > 20.$

Example: E elliptic curve /

@  $B^0(E, \mathcal{O}_E) = \mathbb{O}^{Z_p}$ .

⑥  $B^0(E_{\mathbb{Q}_p}, \mathcal{O}_{E_{\mathbb{Q}_p}}) = \mathbb{O}_p$ .

## More on vanishing:

Say  $\mathcal{L}$  ample on  $X$ .

$$S = \bigoplus_{i \geq 0} H^0(X, \mathcal{L}^i)$$

m,  
 hom  
 max term

then (Bhatt, ...)

$$H^i_m(S^+, \mathbb{Z}) = 0$$

- and : if  $i < \dim X$

$$H^i_m(R\Gamma(X^+, \pi^*\mathcal{L}^+)) = 0$$

is  $\dim S$   
 KV dual to  
 on  $X^+$

Consequence: Get lifting trans  
for sections of  
 $B^0$  from dNits.

Thm (w) appropriate assumptions  
If  $A$  ample (corner on  $X$ )

$$B^0_s(X, S; \mathcal{O}_X(K_X + S + A)) \rightarrow B^0(S; \mathcal{O}_X(K_A + A))$$

( "adjoint variation of  $B^0$ " )

## Applications!

① Case of Fujita's Conj n  
mixed char

Then  $X$  regular d-dim'l proj  
flat /  $(R, \omega)$ .  $\mathcal{L}$  ample ss.

$$\Rightarrow B^0(X, \omega_X \otimes \mathcal{L}^{d+1}) \text{ glob gen}$$
$$\omega_X \otimes \mathcal{L}^{dN}.$$

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Seshadri Constants

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MMP in dim 3 mixed  
char  $p > 5$ .

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$(X, D)$  affine 3-dim'l  
KLT pair  
Spec R mixed char  $p > 5$ .

$\Rightarrow$  A Weil div

$D$  on  $X$ ,

$\bigoplus_{i>0} \mathcal{O}_X(iD)$  for  
div.

