



Mathematical Sciences Research Institute

17 Gauss Way Berkeley, CA 94720-5070 p: 510.642.0143 f: 510.642.8609 www.msri.org

NOTETAKER CHECKLIST FORM

(Complete one for each talk.)

Name: Elizabeth Gross Email/Phone: egross7@uic.edu

Speaker's Name: David Eisenbud

Talk Title: Twenty Points in $\mathbb{P}^3$

Date: 12 / 6 / 12 Time: 3 : 30 am / pm (circle one)

List 6-12 key words for the talk: Gorenstein linkage, glicci, complete intersection, Hilbert scheme, Rao invariant, computational algebra

Please summarize the lecture in 5 or fewer sentences: _____

Explores the problem of determining whether the ideal of a set of 20 general points in $\mathbb{P}^3$ is Gorenstein-linked to a complete intersection. Gives a positive result & outlines the ideas of the proof.

CHECK LIST

(This is **NOT** optional, we will **not** pay for incomplete forms)

- ☐ Introduce yourself to the speaker prior to the talk. Tell them that you will be the note taker, and that you will need to make copies of their notes and materials, if any.
- ☐ Obtain ALL presentation materials from speaker. This can be done before the talk is to begin or after the talk; please make arrangements with the speaker as to when you can do this. You may scan and send materials as a .pdf to yourself using the scanner on the 3rd floor.
 - **Computer Presentations:** Obtain a copy of their presentation
 - **Overhead:** Obtain a copy or use the originals and scan them
 - **Blackboard:** Take blackboard notes in black or blue **PEN**. We will **NOT** accept notes in pencil or in colored ink other than black or blue.
 - **Handouts:** Obtain copies of and scan all handouts
- ☐ For each talk, all materials must be saved in a single .pdf and named according to the naming convention on the "Materials Received" check list. To do this, compile all materials for a specific talk into one stack with this completed sheet on top and insert face up into the tray on the top of the scanner. Proceed to scan and email the file to yourself. Do this for the materials from each talk.
- ☐ When you have emailed all files to yourself, please save and re-name each file according to the naming convention listed below the talk title on the "Materials Received" check list.
(YYYY.MM.DD.TIME.SpeakerLastName)
- ☐ Email the re-named files to notes@msri.org with the workshop name and your name in the subject line.

Twenty Points in $\mathbb{P}^3$

①

work with Hartshorne & Schreyer.

Peskini-Szypro 1974. $I \supset_K \subset J \subset S = K[x]$

K complete intersection

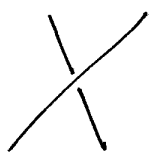
$$(K:I) = J, \quad (K:J) = I$$

Schemmel 82 - Take K Gorenstein.

Rao 1978 $S = K[x_0, \dots, x_3]$
 $\bigcup_I \text{codim } 2$

Rao invariant $\text{Ext}^3(S/I, S)$

Example



linked to smooth rational ~~curve~~
 4-ic

1
4 4 1

1
3 4 1

Rao invariant = k .

Let S/I be Cohen-Macaulay.

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 0 & \rightarrow & F_0 & \cdots & \rightarrow & F_1 & \rightarrow S \rightarrow S/I \\ & & \uparrow & & & & \uparrow \\ 0 & \rightarrow & S & \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow S^c & \rightarrow & S^c & \rightarrow S \rightarrow S/K \end{array}$$

$$S/J \leftarrow S^* \leftarrow F_c^* \leftarrow \oplus S^c$$

(2)

~~Algebra~~

Huneke - Ulrich - generic links of ideals

If I is Cohen-Macaulay & the minimum degree of $F_c \leq (c-1)d$ where $d = \max F_i$

$\Rightarrow I$ is not licci

Conjecture If $I, J \subset k[x_0, \dots, x_n]$ are CM of same codim $\Rightarrow$ linked by Gorenstein ideals.

Survey 2001, Kleppe - Migliore - Miro-Roig - Nagel - Peterson.

Hartshorne's Question 1: Is a set of 20 general points in $\mathbb{P}^3$ glicci? (2001)

Thm (E-Hartshorne-Schreyer) If $1 \leq d \leq 33$ or $d = 37, 38 \Rightarrow$ general set of d points is glicci.

k . V is a projective variety

Problem find $peV(k)$

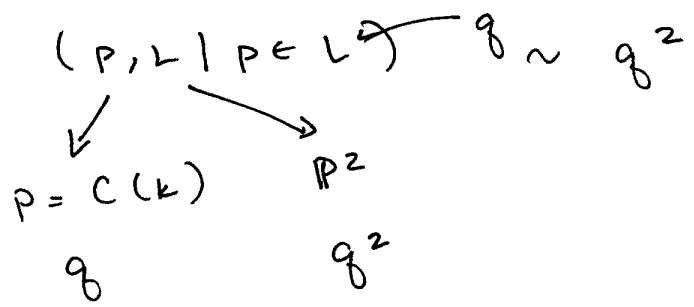
③

If $k = \mathbb{Q}$ - then no.

If $k = \mathbb{F}_q$ $C \subset \mathbb{P}^2$

Proposition At least $1/2$ the lines in $\mathbb{P}^2$ have a pt of $C(k)$ on them.

$$\# C(k) = q + 1 - a \quad |a| \leq 2\sqrt{q}$$



~~There are many more lines...~~

Aside $M \subset L = \mathbb{P}^1$ $M \supset$ subset of d' pts def / k
 $d)$ reduced if $P \supset$ pts ...

Theorem (Deligne, Katz)

Problem of finding a partition D of d as the part of pts $L \cap C$
 $\sim$ prob of D as conjugacy classes of a permutation in Σ_d .

$G_{O/n}$ ~~...~~

h -vector
 $=$ Hilb function of artinian reduction

$H_{d, 21}$
 $\uparrow$

$H_{e, a}$

Hilbert scheme of m d points

~~1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100~~

$$h = \begin{matrix} 1 & 3 & 6 & 10 & 6 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 6 & 10 & 1 & & \\ & & & & 5 & 3 & 1 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{Gorenstein} \\ \leftarrow h\text{-vector of 11 pts} \end{matrix} \quad (4)$$

Now

$$\text{Gor}_n \times H_d \times H_e$$

$$\begin{matrix} \cup \\ M = \{G, P, Q \mid G = P \cup Q \text{ reduced} \} \end{matrix}$$

$\swarrow$
 H_d
 21

$\searrow$
 H_e
 9

Thm $(-, H, S)$: The d, e with bidcon
 direct Gor link are
 ... see handout ...

(this is over $\mathbb{C}$)

