

## NOTETAKER CHECKLIST FORM

(Complete one for each talk.)

Name: Emily Norton Email/Phone: nebenem@gmail.com

Speaker's Name: Vera Serganova

Talk Title: Combinatorics, representations and geometry of algebraic supergroups

Date: 8/28/14 Time: 2:00 am/pm (circle one)

List 6-12 key words for the talk: translation functors, categorification, super flag manifold, BGG reciprocity, support varieties

Please summarize the lecture in 5 or fewer sentences: First, looks at translation functors and categorification in type A. Second, ~~introduces~~ introduces other Lie superalgebras, for which Kac modules don't exist. A virtual module, called Euler characteristic, replaces Kac module and satisfies BGG reciprocity. Third, the lecture concludes with support varieties which give rise to a nice tensor functor in type A. It is conjectured that this functor takes semisimples to semisimples.

### CHECK LIST

(This is **NOT** optional, we will **not** pay for **incomplete** forms)

- Introduce yourself to the speaker prior to the talk. Tell them that you will be the note taker, and that you will need to make copies of their notes and materials, if any.
- Obtain ALL presentation materials from speaker. This can be done before the talk is to begin or after the talk; please make arrangements with the speaker as to when you can do this. You may scan and send materials as a .pdf to yourself using the scanner on the 3<sup>rd</sup> floor.
  - **Computer Presentations:** Obtain a copy of their presentation
  - **Overhead:** Obtain a copy or use the originals and scan them
  - **Blackboard:** Take blackboard notes in black or blue **PEN**. We will **NOT** accept notes in pencil or in colored ink other than black or blue.
  - **Handouts:** Obtain copies of and scan all handouts
- For each talk, all materials must be saved in a single .pdf and named according to the naming convention on the "Materials Received" check list. To do this, compile all materials for a specific talk into one stack with this completed sheet on top and insert face up into the tray on the top of the scanner. Proceed to scan and email the file to yourself. Do this for the materials from each talk.
- When you have emailed all files to yourself, please save and re-name each file according to the naming convention listed below the talk title on the "Materials Received" check list.  
(YYYY.MM.DD.TIME.SpeakerLastName)
- Email the re-named files to [notes@msri.org](mailto:notes@msri.org) with the workshop name and your name in the subject line.

① Combinatorics, representations and geometry of algebraic supergroups, II

Vera Serganova, 8/28/14

Methods 1. Translation functors and categorification

2. BWB theory

3. Support variety theory (method from modular rep theory)

1.  $G = GL(m|n)$ .  $V = \mathbb{C}^{m|n}$ ,  $V^*$  natural and conatural reps

$$M \mapsto \begin{matrix} M \otimes V \\ M \otimes V^* \end{matrix}$$

translation goes from one block to another:

translation functor  $\rightarrow T_{X, \eta} : \text{Rep}_X G \rightarrow \text{Rep}_\eta G$  (endofunctor if  $\eta = X$ )

$$M \mapsto M \otimes V \xrightarrow{\text{pr}_\eta} (M \otimes V)_\eta$$

$K(\lambda) \otimes V$  has filtration by  $K(\mu)$

$K^+ \subset K(\text{Rep } G)$  generated by  $[K(\lambda)]$

$\otimes V >$  one position to right  $\otimes V^* >$  one position to left  
 $<$  one position to left  $<$  one position to right

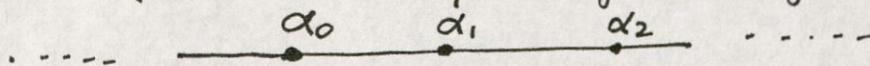
Ex'l  $K(\overset{\leftarrow}{X} \overset{\leftarrow}{X}) \otimes V = K(\overset{\leftarrow}{X} \overset{\leftarrow}{X} \overset{\leftarrow}{X}) + K(\overset{\leftarrow}{X} \overset{\leftarrow}{X} \overset{\leftarrow}{\leftarrow})$   
 $+ K(\overset{\leftarrow}{\leftarrow} \overset{\leftarrow}{\leftarrow} \overset{\leftarrow}{X})$

Note can't move a symbol to a spot that's already occupied by that same symbol.

If you move between blocks w/same #  $X$ 's, or move to a block w/more  $X$ 's,  $\text{PIM} \mapsto \text{PIM}$  (PIM = proj indec module)

Categorification of  $\mathfrak{gl}(\infty)$  (Brundan)  $\mathfrak{gl}(\infty) = \varinjlim \mathfrak{gl}(n)$

$E, E^*$  natural + conatural reps. Dynkin diagram:



$$K_{\mathbb{C}}^+ = K^+ \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{C} \xrightarrow{\phi} \Lambda^m E \otimes \Lambda^n E^*$$

$$[K(\lambda)] \mapsto e_\lambda$$

②

$$E: \{e_i\}_{i \in \mathbb{Z}}$$

$$E^*: \{f_j\}_{j \in \mathbb{Z}}$$

bases

$$\langle e_i, f_j \rangle = -\delta_{ij}$$

$$e_{c_1} \wedge \dots \wedge e_{c_m} \otimes f_{d_1} \wedge \dots \wedge f_{d_n} \quad \text{where}$$

$$\lambda + \rho = (c_1, \dots, c_m | d_1, \dots, d_n)$$

under  $\varphi$ ,

block  $(K_x^+)_\mathbb{C} \longrightarrow$  Weight space in  $\Lambda^m E \otimes \Lambda^n E^*$

Serre-Chevalley generators of  $\mathfrak{gl}_\infty$ :  $E_{i,i+1}$   $E_{i,i-1}$

$$E_{i,i+1} = \bigoplus T_{x, x+d_i} \quad E_{i+1,i} = \bigoplus T_{x+d_i, x}^*$$

$$\varphi \circ E_{i,i+1} = E_{i,i+1} \circ \varphi, \quad \varphi \circ E_{i+1,i} = E_{i+1,i} \circ \varphi$$

Canonical basis  $\{\ell_\lambda\}$  (Lusztig, Kashiwara) satisfies  
 triangularity condition:

$$\ell_\lambda = e_\lambda + \sum_{\mu < \lambda} c_{\mu\lambda} e_\mu$$

$\varphi$  takes projectives to canonical basis:  $\varphi[P(\lambda)] = \ell(\lambda)$

To get irred ~~at~~ modules on RHS, must complete then take dual basis. Then get decomp #'s from coeff's in canonical basis expressions:

$$[P(\lambda) : K(\mu)] = c_{\mu\lambda}$$

And we know how to calculate the  $c_{\mu\lambda}$ .

In other classical types: orthogonal + symplectic are glued together.  $V = V_0 \oplus V_1$  fix  $b$ , non-degen. symm. form (even)

$$b(v,w) = (-1)^{\bar{v}\bar{w}} b(w,v)$$

Then  $b|_{V_1}$  is a symplectic form

$$\mathfrak{g} = \mathfrak{osp}(m|2n) \quad \mathfrak{g}_0 = \mathfrak{o}(m) \oplus \mathfrak{sp}(2n)$$

③ another one:  $\mathfrak{p}(n)$ .  $\dim V_0 = \dim V_1 = n$ . Consider  $\mathfrak{g}$ , odd symm form.  $\mathfrak{g} = \mathfrak{p}(n)$  is the Lie alg. preserving  $\beta$ :

$$\mathfrak{p}(n) = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} A & B \\ C & -A^+ \end{pmatrix} \mid B^+ = B, C^+ = -C \right\}$$

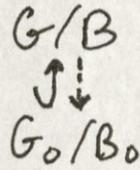
Rep  $G$  is not a highest-weight category! And Kac module doesn't exist...

Substitute for Kac module: constructed using <sup>super-</sup>geometry:

Supergeometry flag supermanifold  $G/B$

Exl for  $GL^{(1|2)}$ :  $\mathbb{C}^{1|0} \subset \mathbb{C}^{1|1} \subset \mathbb{C}^{1|2}$   
 or  $\mathbb{C}^{0|1} \subset \mathbb{C}^{0|2} \subset \mathbb{C}^{1|2}$

Supermanifold = usual flag mfld  $G_0/B_0$  + a sheaf on it.



splitting exists for  $GL(m|n)$  ~~when~~ for specific choice of  $B$  only.  
 $\hookrightarrow$  then  $k(\lambda) = H^0(G/B, \mathcal{O}(-\lambda))^*$

Open question calculate  $H^i(G/B, \mathcal{O}(-\lambda))$  for  $B$  Borel supergroup in  $G$ .

Do know Euler characteristic:

$$\chi(\lambda) = \sum (-1)^i [H^i(G/B, \mathcal{O}(-\lambda))]$$

$\chi(\lambda)$  is an analog of  $k(\lambda)$ .

$\hookrightarrow$  Weak BGG reciprocity

$$[P(\lambda) : \chi(\mu)] = [\chi(\mu) : L(\lambda)]$$

$\nearrow$   
 multiplicity in  $K^+$

Using translation functors, can calculate decomp #'s for  $\mathfrak{osp}(m|2n)$ . The decomp #'s can be  $-1, 0, \text{ or } 1$ . Can have  $-1$  bec there is odd cohomology.

interesting problem: understand this using derived categories.

Also: consider all  $\mathfrak{osp}$  together. Categorifies Fock space? "free bosons" categorify parabolic induction.  $\mathfrak{osp}(m|2n) \supset \mathfrak{p} \supset \mathfrak{osp}(m-2|2n)$ .  $G/P$ , irr  $\mathfrak{p}$  sheaf  $L_{\mathfrak{p}}(\lambda)$ ,  $H^i(G/P, L_{\lambda}(\mathfrak{p}))$  are known.

④ 2005, Serganova + Duflo

$\mathfrak{g} = \mathfrak{g}_0 \oplus \mathfrak{g}_1$  Lie superalg. "cell commuting cone" in odd part:

$X = \{x \in \mathfrak{g}_1 \mid [x, x] = 0\}$  cone in  $\mathfrak{g}_1$       Note!  $[x, x] = 2x^2$ ,  
so this is a nontrivial condition.

$M$  -  $\mathfrak{g}$ -module s.t.  $x^2 M = 0$ .

Define  $M_x = \text{Ker}_* x / \text{Im } x$ .

If  $M = \mathfrak{g}$ , adjoint rep, then  $\mathfrak{g}_x = \text{Ker ad } x / \text{Im ad } x$

$\rightsquigarrow$  functor  $\mathfrak{g}\text{-mod} \xrightarrow{F_x} \mathfrak{g}_x\text{-mod}$

Nice functor, e.g. preserves superdimension:  $\text{sdim } F_x M = \text{sdim } M$   
additive:  $F_x (M \oplus N) = F_x M \oplus F_x N$

preserves duality:  $F_x (M^*) = (F_x M)^*$

tensor functor: !! preserves  $\otimes$ :  $F_x (M \otimes N) = F_x M \otimes F_x N$

Define "associated variety":

$X_M = \{x \in X \mid F_x M \neq 0\}$

Properties of  $X_M$ :

- 1) Zariski closed cone
- 2)  $X_{M \oplus N} = X_M \cup X_N$
- 3)  $X_{M \otimes N} = X_M \cap X_N$
- 4)  $X_M$  is  $G_0$ -invariant
- 5) if  $M$  is projective in  $\text{Rep } G$  (assume  $G_0$  is reductive) then  $X_M = \{0\}$ . In many cases the reverse implication is true.

Ex'l  $G = GL(m|n)$

$X = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 0 & a \\ b & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mid ab = ba = 0 \right\} / G_0 \longleftrightarrow (p, q) \quad \begin{matrix} p = \text{rk } a \\ q = \text{rk } b \end{matrix}$

$\rightarrow$   
finitely many  $G_0$ -orbits

⑤  $X = \bigsqcup X_k$  where  $X_k = \{x \in X \mid \text{rk } x = k\}$

$x, y \in X_k \Rightarrow \sigma_x = \sigma_y \cong \sigma_{\mathcal{L}(m-k \mid n-k)}$

$\rightsquigarrow$  tensor functor  $\text{Rep } GL(m \mid n) \rightarrow \text{Rep } GL(m-k \mid n-k)$

Prop. If  $M \in \text{Rep}_X GL(m \mid n)$ ,  $x \in X_k$ ,  $r = \text{degree of atypicality}$   
 $= \# \chi's \text{ in } f_\lambda$

$F_x M \in \text{Rep}_{X'} GL(m-k, n-k)$ ,  $\# \chi' = r - k$

If degree of atypicality of  $M$  is  $k$  then  $X_M \subset \overline{X}_k$

If  $M = L(\lambda)$  irred then  $X_M = \overline{X}_k$

Generic  $L(\lambda)$  is in a block by itself. Then  $\# \lambda = k$ ,  $\text{rk } x = k$ ,

$F_x L(\lambda) = L(\overline{\lambda}) \otimes \mathbb{C}^{a|b}$

$\uparrow$  multiplicity

Conjecture either  $a$  or  $b$  is 0

Main conjecture  $F_x(\text{semisimple}) = \text{semisimple}$

If true, calculations of  $F_x M$  for all  $M$  follow.

$\# \chi \leq 2$