

## NOTETAKER CHECKLIST FORM

(Complete one for each talk.)

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Speaker's Name: Konstantin Ardakov

Talk Title: Equivariant D-cap modules on rigid analytic spaces

Date: 11 / 19 / 2014      Time: 11 :00 am pm (circle one)

List 6-12 key words for the talk: Lie Algebroid, Rigid Space, Frechet Stein,  
Coadmissible module, D-cap Module

Please summarize the lecture in 5 or fewer sentences:  
Ardakov discussed an analogue of the Beilinson-Bernstein Localization theorem  
coadmissible D(G,K)-modules with G-equivariant D-modules on the flag  
variety of a p-adic group. To do this he had to explain a generalization of the  
theory of Lie algebroids to rigid spaces.

## CHECK LIST

(This is **NOT** optional, we will **not pay for incomplete** forms)

- Introduce yourself to the speaker prior to the talk. Tell them that you will be the note taker, and that you will need to make copies of their notes and materials, if any.
- Obtain ALL presentation materials from speaker. This can be done before the talk is to begin or after the talk; please make arrangements with the speaker as to when you can do this. You may scan and send materials as a .pdf to yourself using the scanner on the 3<sup>rd</sup> floor.
  - **Computer Presentations:** Obtain a copy of their presentation
  - **Overhead:** Obtain a copy or use the originals and scan them
  - **Blackboard:** Take blackboard notes in black or blue **PEN**. We will **NOT** accept notes in pencil or in colored ink other than black or blue.
  - **Handouts:** Obtain copies of and scan all handouts
- For each talk, all materials must be saved in a single .pdf and named according to the naming convention on the "Materials Received" check list. To do this, compile all materials for a specific talk into one stack with this completed sheet on top and insert face up into the tray on the top of the scanner. Proceed to scan and email the file to yourself. Do this for the materials from each talk.
- When you have emailed all files to yourself, please save and re-name each file according to the naming convention listed below the talk title on the "Materials Received" check list.  
(YYYY.MM.DD.TIME.SpeakerLastName)
- Email the re-named files to [notes@msri.org](mailto:notes@msri.org) with the workshop name and your name in the subject line.

Motivation Understand admissible local reps of  
pro-adic groups - Geometrically study  
 $\{ \text{coadmissible } D(G, K) \text{-modules} \}$

- $U(\widehat{G_K}) \subset D(G, K)$  the Arens-Michael envelope
- $\exists$  good theory of coadmissible  $D$ -modules  
on rigid analytic spaces + S. Wadsworth.

Expected theorem  $\{ \begin{matrix} \text{coadmissible} \\ D(G, K) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}(\widehat{G_K})} k \end{matrix} \} = \{ \begin{matrix} G\text{-equivariant} \\ D\text{-modules} \\ \text{on } (\mathcal{G}/B)^{\text{an}} \end{matrix} \}$

At least when  $G \subseteq \mathbb{G}(L)$   $K/\mathbb{Q}$  finite

compact  $\hookrightarrow$  split semisimple

$$\{ \begin{matrix} \text{coadmissible} \\ D\text{-modules} \\ \text{on } X/G \end{matrix} \}$$

$X$  adic space  
 $X/\mathbb{G}$  topological  
 $\mathbb{A}^n$  quotient of topological  
 $X$  underlying topological  
 $X$  space

To define this need either adic spaces or  
 Raynaud's approach via formal models.

### & Lie algebroids

$R$  fixed base ring,  $X/R$  scheme

~~A Lie algebroid consists of a quasibundle  
 $(L, \alpha, [\cdot, \cdot])$  where~~

A Lie algebroid is a tuple  $(L, \alpha, [\cdot, \cdot])$  where

- $L$  is a qcoh  $\mathcal{O}_X$ -module
- $\alpha: L \rightarrow \mathcal{Z}_X$   $\mathcal{O}_X$ -linear
- $[\cdot, \cdot]: L \times L \rightarrow L$   $R$ -Lie bracket
- $[\sigma u, \sigma v] = \sigma [u, v]$  }  $\forall u, v \in L$
- $[v, au] = a[v, u] + \alpha(v)(a)u$  }  $\forall a \in \mathcal{O}_X$

Ex

$$1) \quad L = \mathcal{Z}_X, \quad \alpha = 1$$

2)  $T$  is algebraic group over  $R$

and  $\{\}: X \rightarrow X$   $T$ -torsor, then

$(T \ltimes \mathcal{Z}_X)^T$  is a Lie algebroid.

3)  $c \in R$ ,  $cL$  is a Lie algebroid when  $L$  is.

prop  
newton

can form enveloping algebra  $U(L)$   
generated by  $\mathcal{O}_X$  and  $L$

$\text{Thm (Kostant)} \quad \mathfrak{g} \oplus L \hookrightarrow \text{gr } U(L)$

which is an isomorphism when  $L$  is locally free.

### § Formal Schemes

$R$ -cdvr,  $\pi \in R$  uniformizer,  $k = R/\pi R$ ,  $K = R[\frac{1}{\pi}]$

formal scheme = qc. formal sch /  $\text{spt } R$

flat over  $\text{spt } K$

and locally  $\text{spt } R(u_1, \dots, u_n) / I$

If  $X$  is a formal scheme  $\mathcal{Z}_X = \text{Per}_R^{\text{cont}} \mathcal{O}_X$

can define coherent Lie algebroids similarly.

Def  $\widehat{U(L)} = (\text{in } U(L)) / (\pi^n)$

$\widehat{U(L)}_K = \widehat{U(L)} \otimes_K K$

Fact If  $X$  is a smooth / spt  $K$

then  $U(\widehat{\mathcal{Z}_X})_K \cong \widehat{\mathcal{D}_{X, K}^{\text{rig}}}$  Berkeley

Thm  $G$ -split connected s.c. reductive /  $R$

$B \subseteq G$  ~~closed~~ Borel,  $X = \widehat{G/B}$ . Then

for all  $C \in R - \{0\}$ :

$$1) \Gamma: \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{smooth} \\ (U(C\gamma))_K - \text{mod} \end{array} \right\} \xrightarrow{\sim} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{fg.} \\ \Gamma(X, \widehat{U(C\gamma)}_K - \text{mod}) \end{array} \right\}$$

$$2) \Gamma(X, \widehat{U(C\gamma)}_K) = \widehat{U(C\gamma)}_K \otimes_{\widehat{U(C\gamma)}_K} K$$

§ Pading to  $C=0$

Def Let  $A$  be a  $K$ -algebra. It is Fréchet-Stein

if  $\exists$  tower  $\dots \rightarrow A_2 \rightarrow A_1 \rightarrow A_0$  of Notthausen

Banach algebras /  $K$  st  $A = \varprojlim A_n$

Example

- $A_n = U(\pi^n g)_{\mathbb{K}}$   
 $\Rightarrow \varprojlim A_n =: \widehat{U(g_{\mathbb{K}})}$
- $g = \mathbb{K} \Rightarrow A_n = \mathbb{K}\langle \pi^n x \rangle$   
 $\& \widehat{U(g_{\mathbb{K}})} = \widehat{\cap \mathbb{K}\langle \pi^n x \rangle} = \mathbb{K}\{x\}$   
 $= \widehat{O(A_{mg})}$

such that considered  $\varprojlim \widehat{U(\pi^n g)}_{\mathbb{K}}$  on  $\widehat{G/B}$ .

Digression

Réthor - Stein

An  $A$ -module is coadmissible if  $\forall n > 0$

$A_n \otimes_A M$  is fin.

Then  $C_A = \{\text{coadmissible } A\text{-modules}\}$  is abelian.

Problem Zariski topology on  $\widehat{G/B}$  is too coarse!.

Ex Spt  $\mathbb{R}\langle x \rangle$   $\varprojlim \mathbb{K}\langle x, \partial \rangle$   
 spt  $\mathbb{R}\langle x/\pi \rangle$ ?  $\mathbb{K}\langle \frac{x}{\pi}, \pi \partial \rangle$

• Pullback of Lie algebroids

Def Let  $L$  be a Lie algebroid on a scheme  $X$ .  $\varphi: Y \rightarrow X$ . If  $\varphi(v) \in U$  then  
 $\varphi^* L(v) = \underset{\mathcal{O}(u)}{\mathcal{O}(v)} \underset{L(u)}{L(u)} X \underset{\mathcal{O}_n(\mathcal{O}(u) \cup w)}{\mathcal{O}_n(\mathcal{O}(u) \cup w)} \mathcal{O}(v)$

with Lie bracket

~~REVIEW~~

$$[(b \otimes l, s), (b' \otimes l', s')]$$

$$= (bb' \otimes [l, l'] + b S(b') \otimes l' - b' S'(b) \otimes l, [s, s'])$$

Fact  $\psi^* L \rightarrow \psi^* L$  is an iso  
 $\Leftrightarrow$

$$1) \operatorname{Der}_{G(V)}(G(V)) = 0$$

$$2) \forall v \in L(V) \exists \delta(v) \in \operatorname{Der}_K(V)$$

$$\xrightarrow{\quad} \text{st } \varphi_0 \circ (v) = \tilde{\delta}(v) \circ \varphi.$$

Can happens  
 for more  
 general morphism  
 than \'etale ones.

Back to formal schemes.

Def Let  $L$  be a coherent Lie  
 algebraic on a formal scheme  $X$ .

A morphism  $\varphi: Y \rightarrow X$  is  $L$ -\'etale if

- 1)  $\varphi$  is rig-unramified
- 2)  $\varphi^* L \rightarrow \varphi^* L$  is an iso.

continuous  
 / differentiable

$$\varphi_{Y/X}^k \psi_R k \geq 0$$

$$\underline{R_X} \quad X = \operatorname{Spf} R \langle x \rangle$$

$$L = R \langle x \rangle \pi^n \varphi_X$$

$$Y = \operatorname{Spf} R \langle x/\pi^n \rangle$$

Then  $\pi^n \varphi_R = \pi^{n-m} \varphi_X / \pi^m$  shows  $\varphi$  is  
 \'etale if  $n \geq m$ .

Prop Let  $X(L) := \{e: Y \rightarrow X \mid e \text{ is } L\text{-etale}\}$   
 $\subseteq \text{all } \text{rig.-etale } / X$

This category has finite products  
and we have a presheaf  
 $\widehat{U(L)}_K(Y) = \Gamma(Y, U(\widehat{\ell^* L})_K)$   
on  $X(L)$ .

Thm Suppose  $L$  is coherent and locally free  
then  $\widehat{U(L)}_K$  satisfies the sheaf condition  
for

- a) Zariski covering
- b) admissible formal blowups

If  $X$  is rigid affine, higher  
cohomology vanishes.

## § Rigid spaces

Lemma, let  $f: Y \rightarrow X$  be rig.-etale. Then  
 $\exists n=0 \text{ s.t. } f \text{ is } T^n L\text{-etale}$   
 $f^{-1} \cong \eta$ .

Def  $\widehat{U(L_K)} := \varprojlim \Gamma(Y, U(\widehat{\ell^*(\pi^m L)})_K)$ .

Thm 2 Suppose  $L_K$  is rig. coherent & locally free.

- Then
- a)  $\widehat{U(L_K)}$  is a rig.-etale sheaf
  - b) If  $Y$  is rig.-affine & thus

$\Gamma(Y, \widehat{U(L_K)})$  are Frechet - Stein.

let  $\mathcal{C}_Y = \left\{ \text{continuous } \widehat{\Gamma(Y, U(L_K))} \text{-modules} \right\}$

Theorem 3 a) If  $Z \rightarrow Y$  my open embedding  
between my -affines  $Y \not\subset Z$ ,  $\exists$

an exact localization functor  
 $M \rightarrow \widehat{U(L_K)} \otimes_{\widehat{U(L_K)}(Y)} M$

b) - results from holds.