

## NOTETAKER CHECKLIST FORM

(Complete one for each talk.)

Name: Justin Hilburn      Email/Phone: jhilburn@uoregon.edu

Speaker's Name: Alexander Braverman

Talk Title: Local L-functions and perverse sheaves on certain loop spaces

Date: 11 / 18 / 2014      Time: 2 : 00 am pm (circle one)

List 6-12 key words for the talk: L-function, p-adic, perverse sheaves, loop space, reductive group, unipotent representation

Please summarize the lecture in 5 or fewer sentences:  
Braverman gave a conjectural construction of L-factors for representations of a reductive group over a local non-archimedian field of positive characteristic. This construction avoids the local Langlands correspondence and is verified for representations containing an Iwahori fixed vector.

## CHECK LIST

(This is **NOT** optional, we will **not pay for incomplete** forms)

- Introduce yourself to the speaker prior to the talk. Tell them that you will be the note taker, and that you will need to make copies of their notes and materials, if any.
- Obtain ALL presentation materials from speaker. This can be done before the talk is to begin or after the talk; please make arrangements with the speaker as to when you can do this. You may scan and send materials as a .pdf to yourself using the scanner on the 3<sup>rd</sup> floor.
  - **Computer Presentations:** Obtain a copy of their presentation
  - **Overhead:** Obtain a copy or use the originals and scan them
  - **Blackboard:** Take blackboard notes in black or blue **PEN**. We will **NOT** accept notes in pencil or in colored ink other than black or blue.
  - **Handouts:** Obtain copies of and scan all handouts
- For each talk, all materials must be saved in a single .pdf and named according to the naming convention on the "Materials Received" check list. To do this, compile all materials for a specific talk into one stack with this completed sheet on top and insert face up into the tray on the top of the scanner. Proceed to scan and email the file to yourself. Do this for the materials from each talk.
- When you have emailed all files to yourself, please save and re-name each file according to the naming convention listed below the talk title on the "Materials Received" check list.  
 (YYYY.MM.DD.TIME.SpeakerLastName)
- Email the re-named files to [notes@msri.org](mailto:notes@msri.org) with the workshop name and your name in the subject line.

Braverman - local L-factors and perverse sheaves  
on certain loop spaces.

Joint with Kazhdan + Bezrukavnikov

Goal: To give a "uniform" definition of local L-factors  
for repn of  $\mathfrak{g}$ -adic

Theorem Get the correct definition for repn  
with an Iwahori fixed vector.

Intermediate goal Extend to all important repns

### Setup

$G$  reductive

$\sigma: G \rightarrow G_m$  character

$$\rho: G^V \rightarrow GL(V)$$

$$\rho \circ \sigma^V = \sum_{\text{chars of } G_m} \text{char}_m$$

$K$  local archimedean:  $A_K^{\times}/(d)$ ,  $\pi \in \text{irr}(G(K))$

$$L(\pi, \rho, \sigma, s) \sim \frac{1}{P(q^{-s})} \quad P = \text{polynomial}$$

$P(t) = 1 + \text{higher order terms}$

Let  $W_K$  be Weil-Deligne group  
 $W_K = G_K \times W_{K, \text{f}}$ .

$$\frac{W_K}{I_K} \cong \mathbb{Z}^{r_f} \otimes \mathbb{R}$$

Local Langlands

$$\text{Irr } G \rightarrow \text{Hom}(W_K, \mathbb{C}^\times) / \text{conjugacy}$$

Given  $\rho: \mathcal{O}^V \rightarrow GL(V)$ ,  $\pi: W_K \rightarrow \mathcal{O}^V$   
 L-function  $\det(I - \sigma^V(\tau^{-s}) \rho \circ \pi(F_\tau)) \Big|_{V^I}$

$q = \#$  classes of residue field.

want to construct first without Local Langlands.

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{ex} \\ \hline G = GL(n) \\ \sigma = \det \\ \rho = \text{standard} \\ \text{Gelfand - Saglam procedure} \\ (n=1 \text{ takes trace}) \end{array}$$

Start with  $\pi \in Irr GL(n, K)$  from integrals:

choose  $c_\pi$  - matrix coefficient of  $\pi$

$$\varphi \in S(\text{Mat}(n, K))$$

$\wedge$  locally constant compactly supported

$$Z(\varphi, c_\pi, s) = \int_{GL(n, K)} \varphi(g) c_\pi(g) |\det(g)|^s dg$$

Theorem 1)  $Z(\varphi, c_\pi, s)$  is a rational function of  $q^s$

2) for given  $\pi$  the space of all  $Z(\varphi, c_\pi, s)$  forms a fraction ideal of  $\mathbb{C}[q^s, q^{-s}]$

$$3) \text{ A generator } L(\pi, s) = \frac{1}{\text{f + higher order in } q^{-s}}$$

Non-trivial part

$S(\text{Aut}(n, K))$  — bimodule over  $G(K)$

$U_1$

$H_G$

$\hat{\otimes}$

bimodule over

$H_G = \text{Hecke alg}$

$L(\pi, s)$  "measures" the difference"

In general we need a space  $S_p(G) \cong H_G$   
bimodule over  $H_G$

Remark  $\Gamma \subset G(K)$  open compact subgroup

1) assume first  $\pi^\Gamma \neq 0$ . Then

$S_p(G)^{\Gamma \times \Gamma}$  is sufficient

2)  $\Gamma = G(\mathbb{A})$   $H(G)^{\Gamma \times \Gamma} \xrightarrow{\text{strike}} \cong K_0(\text{Rep } G^\vee)$

$S_p(G)^{G(\mathbb{A}) \times G(\mathbb{A})} \cong \bigoplus_{n=1}^{\infty} (\text{Sym}^n(\rho)) * H(G)^{G(\mathbb{A}) \times G(\mathbb{A})}$

$\text{Sym}^n(\rho) = \bigoplus_{m \geq 0} \text{Sym}^m(\rho)$

$\text{Supp}(\eta^{-1}(\text{Sym}^n(\rho)))$  are disjoint

$$3) \quad r = I - \text{Iwahori}$$

$$H(G) \xrightarrow{\text{Iwahori}} K_{G \times G}^V (\text{st}_{G^V})$$

(GL<sub>2</sub>(F))

$$\text{st } G^V = \{ (b_1, b_2, x) \mid b_1, b_2 - \text{borel subgroups of } G^V \}$$

x-minimal  $x \in b_1 \cap b_2$

$$\text{st } G_{\rho}^V = \{ (b_1, b_2, x, v) \mid v \in V, \rho(x)(v) = v \}$$

$$\text{char } Sp(G) \xrightarrow{\text{Iwahori}} K_{G \times G}^V (\text{st}_{G^V}, \rho)$$

Idea of the definition

relation between choice of  $\rho$  and choice

of  $G = G_{+} \backslash G$  affine normal subgroup

$G$  = invertible charts

Given  $G_{+}$  and  $\rho$  - rep of  $G^V$

Ex.  $\dim G / [G, G] = 1$  for any irreducible  
 $\rho$  will appear in this way.

Ex 1.  $G = GL(n) \subseteq \text{mat}(n)$

corresponds to  $\rho = \text{st rep of } G^V = GL(n)$

2. choose  $r > 0$

$G = GL(r)$  if  $r$  is odd

$SL(2) \times \mathbb{A}^n$  if  $r$  is even

$$\rho = \text{diag}^r \mathbb{A}^2$$

$$G_{+} = \left\{ (A, x) \mid \begin{array}{l} A \in \text{mat}(n) \\ x \in G^V \\ \det A = x^r \end{array} \right\}$$

$\uparrow$   
 $\text{diag}^r \mathbb{A}^2$

Step 2

$P$  comes from  $G^+$

Name idea  $S_P = S(G^+(K))$

Conjecture 1

$S_P(G) =$  space of global sections  
of some sheaf on  
 $G^+(K)$

char  $K > 0$

$K = \mathbb{F}_q(\mathcal{A}^+)$

- $G(K)$  has sub over  $\mathbb{F}_q$
- 1) choice of  $G^+$  defining another mid-scheme  
structure on  $G(K)$ .
- 2) consider all possible perverse  $\ell$ -adic  
~~sheaves~~ sheaves on this new mid-scheme.
- 3) corresponding functions given by  $\sigma$  fixings  
they span  $S_P(G)$ .

$X_{\mathbb{F}}$  affine variety  $/K$   $K = k(\mathcal{A}^+)$

$X_{\mathbb{F}} \supset X$  open subset

$X_{\mathbb{F}}(K)$  has natural structure of mid-scheme  $/K$

$$X_{\mathbb{F}}(K) \supset X(K) \cong X_{\mathbb{F}}(K)_0 \text{ also mid-scheme}$$

If  $X$  is also affine then  $X_{\mathbb{F}}(K)_0 \neq X(K)$

$X(K) \rightarrow X_{\mathbb{F}}(K_0)$  locally closed embedding.

$$x_t = A'$$

$$x = G_m$$

$x_t(K)$  connected.

$x(K)$

$\mathbb{Z}$ -ring connected component

Theorem) Given  $A \in \text{Perf}(G(K))$  can construct a functor on  $G(K)$  which should correspond to  $G$  extension of  $A$  to  $G^+(K)_0$ .

$$\forall n \geq 0 \rightsquigarrow A_n \text{ on } G(K)$$

$$\rightarrow \text{functor } \sum_{n \geq 0} x(A_n)$$

(any  
+  
hard)

2) If we define  $S_p(G)$  as

the span of these functors

$$\text{then } \boxed{S_p^{FT\#} = K_{G \times G}^{-1} (S_p^{(G_v)^P})}$$