

(1)

Ian Agol.

Entropy of pseudo-Anosov which with fix homology.

J.W. Christ Leininger and Dan Margalit.

Question: What are the shortest closed geodesics, in moduli space w.r.t. Teichmüller metric (or various other metric?).

Equivalently, For a surface  $\Sigma_g$ , what is the minimal entropy of pseudo-Anosov map  $\varphi: \Sigma_g \rightarrow \Sigma_g$ ?

Let  $L(g)$  denote the minimal such entropy.

Rk,  $h(\varphi) = \log(\lambda(\varphi))$   $\lambda(\varphi)$  is the dilatation.

$$\frac{\log(2)}{3(2g-2)} \leq L(g) \leq \frac{\log(\varphi^+)}{2g-2}$$

Penner, McMullen,

Auber - Dunfield.

Hironaka

Kim - Takasawa

explicit example.

Rk: Let  $L_{wp}(g)$  denote the systole length in the Weil-Petersson metric.

$$\text{Thm (Brock-Bromberg)} \quad \frac{C_1}{\sqrt{g-1}} \leq L_{wp}(g) \leq \frac{C_2}{\sqrt{g-1}}$$

↑  
Kojima-McShane.

Lower bound was discussed talk, using estimates coming from the renormalized volume by Kojima - McShane / Brock - Bromberg using idea of Schlenker.

(2)

$$\|\psi\|_{WP} \geq \sqrt{\frac{2}{3\sqrt{\text{Area}(S)}}} \text{Vol}(N_\psi)$$

$$N_\psi = \text{mapping torus} = \mathbb{Z}^{X[0,1]} / \{ (x, 0) \sim (\psi(x), 1) \}$$

upperbound.

Linch's inequality

$$\|\psi\|_T \geq (\sqrt{\text{Area}(S)})^{-1} \|\psi\|_{WP}$$

What can be said about entropies of pseudo-Anosov's w/ various topological restrictions?

E.g. If  $\psi$  has orientable foliation

Lanneau-Thiffeault has found min dilatation / entropy pseudo-Anosov for genera 3, 4, 5.

Let  $L_F(k, g) = \min$  entropy of a pseudo-Anosov map fixing a  $k$ -dim subspace of  $H_1(\Sigma_g; F)$

Farb - Leininger - Margalit:

$$1.97 \leq L_Q(2g, g) \leq \log(62) \quad (\text{Torelli - Group}).$$

Ellenberg Conjectured:

$$\exists c_1, c_2 \quad \frac{c_1(k+1)}{g} \leq L_Q(k, g) \leq \frac{c_2(k+1)}{g}.$$

Upper bounds come from examples

Question on Ellenberg's blog

using Veering triangulations.

$$\frac{\log(k+2)}{Lg} \leq L_Q(k, g).$$

(3)

Thm (A-Léininger - Margalit)

Let  $\mathbb{F}$  be a field. For  $g \geq 2$ ,  $0 \leq k \leq g$ .

$$0.00031 \left( \frac{k+1}{2g-2} \right) \leq L_{\mathbb{F}}(k, g) \leq 12 \log(2) \left( \frac{k+1}{2g-2} \right)$$

Rk: Only improves on Poincaré for  $K > 372$ .

Let  $f: S \rightarrow S$  PA,  $h(f)$  = entropy of  $f$

$K_{\mathbb{F}}(f) = \max \dim \text{fixed subspace of } H_1(S, \mathbb{F})$

Prop 2.1: Let  $S$  be a surface of finite type

$f \in \text{Mod}(S)$  pseudo-Anosov, then

$$0.00031 \left( \frac{K_{\mathbb{F}}(f)+1}{|\chi(S)|} \right) \leq h(f)$$

Prop 2.2: Let  $M^3$  be complete orientable hyperbolic finite-volume

then  $b_1(M; \mathbb{F}) \leq 334.08 \text{ Vol}(M)$

Rk: Gelander proved the existence of some constant for each dimension, not explicit

Rk: 334.08 is far from optimal

E.g. Thm (Culler-Shalen)  $b_1(M; \mathbb{F}_2) \geq 6$

Then  $\text{Vol}(M) \geq 3.08$ .

Proof of 2.2: Assume  $b_1(M; \mathbb{F}) \geq 5$

Then  $\log(3)$  is a Margalit's constant for  $M$ .

$M$  a hyp 3-mfd,  $\epsilon$ -thick part  $M_{\geq \epsilon}$  is a subset of  $M$

s.t.  $\text{inj}_x \geq \frac{\epsilon}{2}$

(4)

$\epsilon > 0$  the Margulis constant:  $M_{\geq \epsilon}$  is the complement of solid tori & cusps of  $M$ .

Rank: Makes use of results of Culler-Shalen  
"Paradoxical decompositions" + tameness.

Jorgenson - Thurston argument.

Let  $V = \{v_1, \dots, v_m\}$  be a max collection of pts in  $M_{\geq \epsilon}$

s.t.  $d(v_i, v_j) \geq \epsilon$ ,  $i \neq j$  ( $\epsilon$ -net).

Then  $M_{\geq \epsilon} \subseteq \bigcup_{i=1}^m B_\epsilon(v_i)$ .

$$B_{\epsilon/2}(v_i) \cap B_{\epsilon/2}(v_j) = \emptyset \quad i \neq j$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Vol}(M) \geq m \text{Vol}(B_{\epsilon/2})$$

$T_0 = \text{graph } V(T_0) = V$ .

$(v_i, v_j) \in E(T_0)$  if  $d(v_i, v_j) \leq 2\epsilon$ .

(multi edges & loops).

$$b_1(T_0) \geq b_1(M)$$

$$\deg_{T_0}(v_i) \leq \frac{\text{Vol}(B_{\epsilon/2}) - \text{Vol}(B_{\epsilon/2})}{\text{Vol}(B_{\epsilon/2})} = 1$$

$$|E(T_0)| \leq \frac{m^2}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{b_1(T_0)}{b_1(M)} \leq 1 - \frac{(m-1)\frac{m^2}{2}}{m^2} \leq 334.08 \text{ Vol}(M)$$

(5)

Thm (Kojima-McShane, Brock-Bromberg)

$$\text{Vol}(N_\ell) \leq 3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} |X(s)| \|f\|_{\text{hyp}} \leq 3\pi |X(s)| h(\ell)$$

$$b_1(M_\ell, \mathbb{F}) = K_{\mathbb{F}}(\ell) + 1$$

$$K_{\mathbb{F}}(\ell) + 1 \leq 334.08 \quad \text{Vol}(M_\ell) \leq 334.08 \cdot 3\pi |X(s)| h(\ell).$$

$$\text{Cor 2.7} \quad \text{Let } K_{\mathbb{F}_2}(\ell) \geq 5 \rightarrow h(\ell) \geq \frac{326}{|X(s)|}$$