

8/17/16 Tullia — Part (2)

Goals: ① Extend Tullia's theorem on $S^n = \alpha$ to boundaries of NCHS.

② QI rigidity of lattices in solvable Lie group.

Abelian \subseteq Nilpotent \subseteq Solvable.

$$\mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \quad t \mapsto e^t.$$

$$\begin{aligned} (x, t) \cdot (x', t') &= (e^t x, e^{t'} x') \\ &= (x + e^t x', t + t'). \end{aligned}$$

$$dS^2 = dt^2 + e^{-2t} dx^2.$$

In general $\cap X_e \mathbb{R} = X_e. \quad U_t = e^{tA}.$

e.g. $\mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}$
(x, y) t

Defⁿ Boundaries $\partial(NX_e \mathbb{R}) \cong S^{n+1} \cup \{\infty\}.$

Pointed Sphere Conjecture (Cornuier/Kie).

Any self QI of X_e preserves $\{\infty\}$ when X_e is not symmetric space.

Defⁿ Bilip: if $a d(x, y) \leq d(fx, fy) \leq b d(x, y).$
if $a=b$ — similarity.

$G \subseteq \text{bilip}(Y)$ is uniform.

Metric on $\partial X_e \cong N$ (N, d_e).

If $N = \mathbb{R}^n$, $d_e = e^t I$.

If N cannot q/p of d_e can't dilate.

Then d_e is Cartheodory metric.

$\mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R}$. $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $d_A(\bar{v}, \bar{w}) = \max\{|x|, |2y|\}$.

Tolman Type Theorem

(D-Xie) If A diag. w/ pos. eigenvalues.

and $G \subseteq \text{bilip}(\mathbb{R}^n, d_A)$.

- G uniform ($\frac{1}{2} < k$) & locally comp.
- G acts properly on distinct pts.
- G is amenable.

Then $\exists f \in \text{bilip}(\mathbb{R}^n, d_A)$ s.t.

$$f G f^{-1} \subseteq \text{Sim}(\mathbb{R}^n, d_A).$$

Proof: (D) adapt. Tolman so that up to conj.

If G acts by

$$\gamma(x, y) = (ax + cy + h_x(y))$$

$$= \sigma \cdot (x + h\gamma \rightarrow y)$$

\uparrow
Sim

Goal, - Conj. G by $g_0(x, y) = (x + h_0(y), y)$.
s.t. $h_\gamma(y) = 0$, $\forall \gamma \in G$.

h_0 needs to be fixed pt. of (Affine) action G on
 $E = \{ h: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \mid \nu_2\text{-holder, } h(0) \}$.

$$\gamma \mapsto \pi_\gamma h + h_\gamma$$

$$\pi_\gamma h(y) = a_\gamma^{-1} h(a_\gamma^2 (y + d_\gamma)) - a_\gamma^{-1} h(a_\gamma^2 d_\gamma)$$

so $h(0) = 0$.

Defn, - (Amendable)

G locally (measurable) compact top. group.

$G \curvearrowright K \subseteq E$ conts affine action on convex.

Compact subset of loc. con top sp.
then G has fixed pt.

QI Rigidity of lattices in solvable Lie g's.

Note! - X_φ does not have lattice.

but $X_{u_1, u_2} := N_1 \times N_2 \times_{(e_1, e_2')} \mathbb{R}$

e.g. $SOL = \mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}$ $\rho_t = \begin{pmatrix} e^t & \\ & e^t \end{pmatrix}$

Got two foliation by X_{u_1}, X_{u_2} .