

Cobordism Categories, Classifying Spaces, and (invertible) TQFTs I

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MOTIVATION.

- Higher categories
- TQFTs
- Classification of manifolds & families thereof.

COBORDISMS

Def. Two closed smooth oriented compact d-dim manifolds M_0 and M_1 are cobordant iff \exists $d+1$ diml oriented manifold W with boundary $\partial W = M_0 \sqcup M_1$,



M_0

M_1

- equivalence reln
- equiv. classes \mathcal{L}_d^{so} form a group under \sqcup & a ring under \times

$$\text{Ex. } \Omega_0^{\infty} \simeq \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\begin{matrix} + \\ - \end{matrix} \rightarrow$$

$$\Omega_1^{\infty} \simeq 0$$

$$\Omega_2^{\infty} = 0$$

$$\text{THM (1950s). } \Omega_*^{\infty} = \pi_* (\Omega^{\infty} \text{MSO})$$

$$\Omega^{\infty} \text{MSO} = \underset{n \rightarrow \infty}{\text{colim}} \underset{k \rightarrow \infty}{\text{colim}} \Omega^n (U_{n,k}^c)$$

↑ map* ($S^n, -$)

$$R^n \xrightarrow{P} U_{n,k}$$



$P \in \text{Gr}(n, k) = \text{Grassmannian of } n\text{-planes in } R^{n+k}$

$$\text{Cor. } \Omega_*^{\infty} \otimes \mathbb{Q} \simeq \mathbb{Q}[y_{4i} / i \geq 0] \quad y_{4i} = \mathbb{Q} P^{2i}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Proof. } \Omega_*^{\infty} &= \pi_* \Omega^{\infty} \text{MSO} \\ &= \pi_* \Omega^n (U_{n,k}^c) \quad k, n \gg 0 \\ &= \pi_* \pi_n (U_{n,k}^c) \\ &\stackrel{\text{(Serre)}}{=} H_* \pi_n (U_{n,k}^c) = \pi_* \text{Gr}^{(n,k)} \end{aligned}$$

TQFTs.

(discrete)

Def. Let Cob_d be the Cobordism category w.

objects: $d-1$ closed manifold M

morph. d -cobordisms / up to diffeomorph.
relative to \mathbb{Z}

Def. (Atiyah)

A TQFT of dim. d is a symmetric
monoidal functor $\text{Cob}_d \xrightarrow{\cong} \text{Vect}_{\mathbb{C}, \otimes}$

$\emptyset \mapsto \mathbb{C}$ units

Why did Atiyah care?

Z gives a topo. invariant of closed oriented
 d -diml manifolds: $W: \emptyset \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$

$\rightsquigarrow Z(W): \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$

Folk Theorem.

2-diml TQFTs $\overset{1:1}{\longleftrightarrow}$ finite diml commutativ
Frobenius algebras

$Z \longmapsto Z(S') = A$

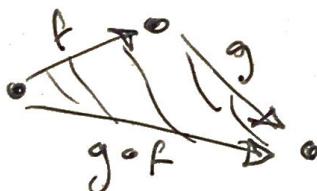
1-diml TQFTs are f.d. vector spaces
(w/ non degenerate inner product)

Classifying Spaces

CAT → $\Delta = \text{sets}$ simplified → TOP
topological spaces
categories

$$\mathcal{C} \longleftrightarrow N(\mathcal{C}) \longleftrightarrow |\mathcal{N}(\mathcal{C})| := |\mathcal{C}| \text{ or } B\mathcal{C}$$

Nerve $N_q \mathcal{C} = \{(f_1, \dots, f_q) / \text{composable}\}$



pt for each object
 → for morphs

$$\text{So } |\mathcal{C}| := \prod_{q \geq 0} N_q \mathcal{C} \times \Delta^q / \sim$$

- Products: $B(\mathcal{C} \times \mathcal{D}) \simeq B\mathcal{C} \times B\mathcal{D}$
- Functorial: $F: \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$ ↠ cont. map
- natrl trans: $\eta: F \rightarrow G$ ↠ homotopy $|F| \sim |G|$

$$\mathcal{C} \times (0 < 1) \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$$

$$(\text{id}_{\mathcal{A}}, \hookleftarrow) \mapsto \eta_a: F(a) \rightarrow G(a), \text{ w/ } |(0 < 1)| = [0, 1]$$

w/ initial or final obj. $\Rightarrow |\mathcal{C}| \sim x$

w/ \mathcal{C}, \mathcal{D} adjoint pair $\Rightarrow |\mathcal{C}| (\simeq |\mathcal{D}|)$

• monoidal ↠ htpy. ass. product $|\mathcal{C}| \times |\mathcal{C}| \xrightarrow{\cong} |\mathcal{C}|$

• symm. monoidal ↠

$$\sum_j \times |\mathcal{C}|^j \rightarrow |\mathcal{C}|$$

What is a symmetric monoidal category?

comes w/ natural transformation

$$c: \otimes \rightarrow \otimes \circ \tau : \mathcal{C} \times \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$$

$$\sum_j x_j \in \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$$

obs: $\sigma, a_1, \dots, a_j \mapsto a_{\sigma^{-1}(1)} \otimes \dots \otimes a_{\sigma^{-1}(j)}$

morphs: $\sigma \rightarrow \mu, (f_1, \dots, f_j) \mapsto c_{\mu \sigma} \circ (f_{\sigma^{-1}(1)} \otimes \dots \otimes f_{\sigma^{-1}(j)})$

Fact. Every space X is a $B\mathcal{C}$ for some \mathcal{C} .

Vice Versa. $\text{Top} \rightarrow \text{CAT}$

$$X \mapsto \pi_{\leq 1} X : \begin{cases} \text{ob} = \text{pts in } X \\ \text{morph: homotopy classes of paths from } \end{cases}$$

Partial inverse:

$$|\pi_{\leq 1} X| \simeq \text{1 type of } X$$

$$\pi_0 X, \pi_{\leq 1} X \sim \pi_1(X, *)$$

$\mathcal{C}_e \hookrightarrow \mathcal{C} \hookrightarrow \mathcal{T}_{\leq 1}$, \mathcal{C}_e is a localization.

$\mathcal{C} \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{C}_e[\mathcal{C}_e^{-1}] \xleftarrow{\sim} \mathcal{T}_{\leq 1}$ equivalence of categories

formally
invert all
arrows

Remarks. All works for Top -enriched categories, and for categories in Top .

Invertible TQFTs

Invertible functors: V category

$V_{\text{cat.}}$, $V^{\times} = \text{maximal subgroupoid of } V$
(ignore all non-invertible.)

V symm mon., $\text{Pic}(V) = \text{max. subgroupoid of } V$
w/ obs, a s.t.
 $\exists \bar{a} : a \otimes \bar{a} \simeq e$

$\text{Vect}^k \cong \begin{cases} \text{ob: } \mathbb{C}^n & n \geq 0 \\ \text{morph: } \text{GL}_n \mathbb{C} \end{cases}$

$\text{Pic}(\text{Vect}) \cong \begin{cases} \text{ob: } \mathbb{C} \\ \text{morph: } \text{GL} \mathbb{C} = \mathbb{C}^\times \end{cases}$

Category of d-TQFTs

$$= \text{Fun}^{\otimes}(\mathcal{Cob}_d, \text{Vect}_{\mathbb{C}})$$

Invertible cat. of d-TQFTs

$$= \text{Fun}^{\otimes}(\mathcal{Cob}_d, \text{Pic}(\text{Vect}_{\mathbb{C}}))$$

$$= \text{Fun}^{\otimes}(\mathcal{Cob}_d [\mathcal{Cob}_d^{-1}], \text{Pic}(\text{Vect}_{\mathbb{C}}))$$

d=2: calculate these

$$\mathcal{Cob}_2 [\mathcal{Cob}_2^{-1}] \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\begin{cases} nSm \mapsto n-m - \chi(S) \\ \downarrow \text{equivalence} \end{cases}$$

invert. 2-TQFTs

$$\text{Fun}^{\otimes}[\mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{C}^{\times}] = \begin{cases} \cdot \mathbb{C}^* \\ \text{identities} \end{cases}$$

discrete category

Invertible 1-TQFTs:

$$\text{Fun}^{\otimes}[\mathbb{Z}/2, \mathbb{C}^{\times}] = \begin{cases} \mathbb{Z}/2 \\ \text{id}s \end{cases}$$

$$\mathcal{Cob}_1 [\mathcal{Cob}_1^{-1}] \approx \begin{cases} * \\ \mathbb{Z}/2 \end{cases}$$

$$\pi_1(\text{Cob}_2) = \mathbb{Z}$$

$$|\text{Cob}_2| = ? = S^1 \times [\text{simply connected}]$$

$$|\text{Cob}_2^2| \simeq S^1$$

$$\pi_1(\text{Cob}_1) = \mathbb{Z}/2$$

$$|\text{Cob}_1| = \text{complicated} \dots$$

$$= \text{http://SL}^{\mathbb{P}^2} \text{MTSU} \rightarrow (\mathbb{C}P^\infty)$$

Steinebammer